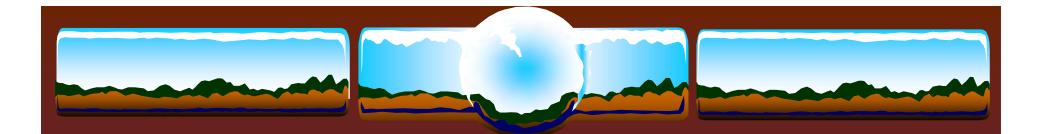


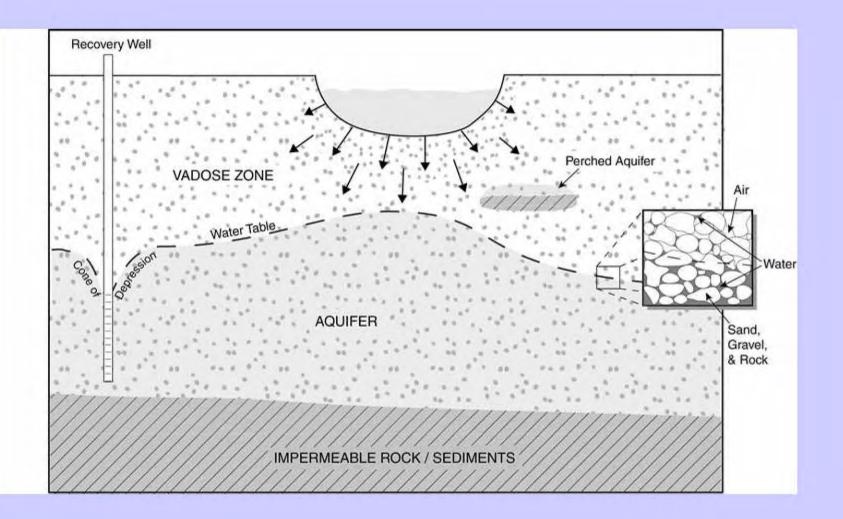
INCIDENTAL RECHARGE

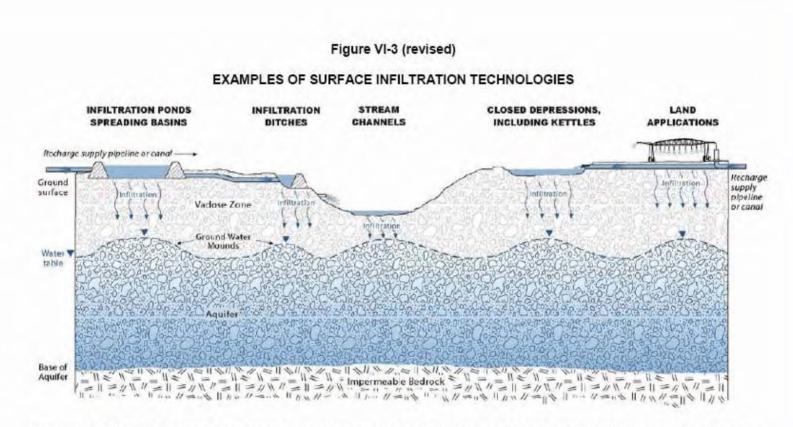
Tony Olenichak Program Manager Water District #1 tony.olenichak@idwr.idaho.gov



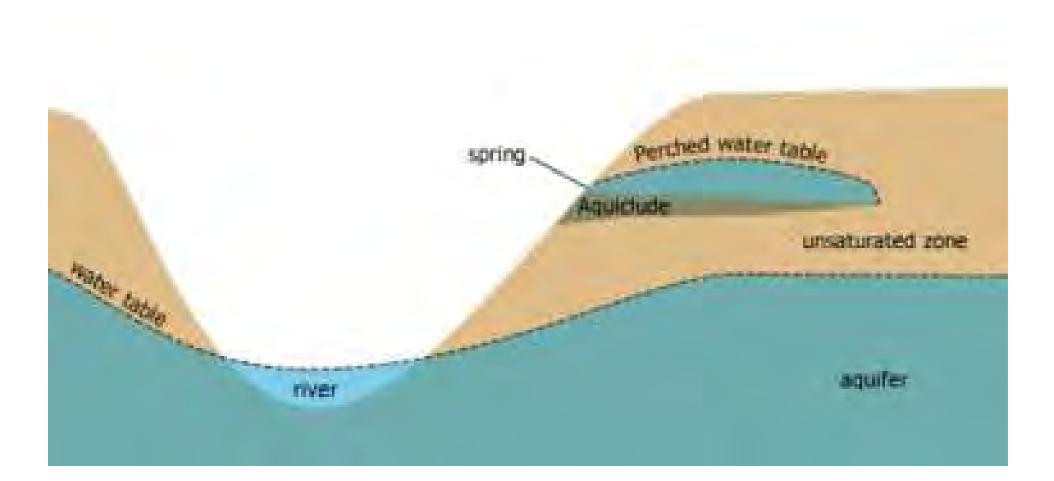
DEFINITION

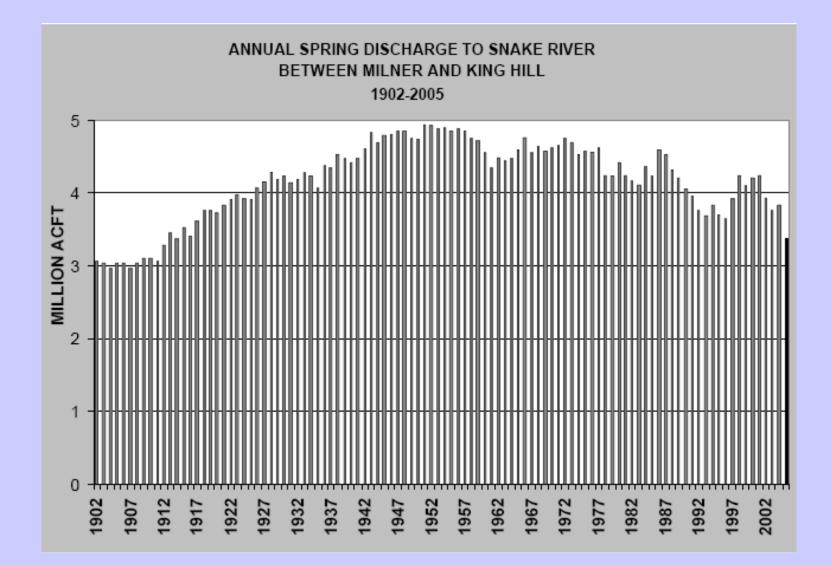
Incidental Recharge is the ground water recharge (infiltration) that occurs as a result of human activities unrelated to a recharge project, for example, irrigation and water diversion (unlined canals).





Source: Ralf Topper, et. al., Colorado Geological Survey Department of Natural Resources, Artificial Recharge of Ground Water In Colorado -A Statewide Assessment, 2004.





Diversion Number	Name	Total Diverted (acre-feet)	Service Area (acres)	Ac-ft/ac Diverted
			(arres)	
13037997	C Hickman Pump	0	10	
13038025	Butler Island Canal	13,342	990	13.5
13038030	Ross & Rand Canal	1.313	170	7.7
13038050	Steele Canal	0	140	-
13038055	Harrison Canal	133.521	14.230	94
13038065	Chenry Canal	370	130	2.8
13038075	G Soott Pump	239	(a)	
13038079	J Brown Pump	19	14	1.4
13038081	G Scott Pump	91	14	1.7
13038081	Subdivision Pump	151	(a)	-
13038085	Rudy Canal	67,207	5,530	12.2
13038090	Lowder Canal	15,735	1,000	15.7
13038090	Kite & Nord Canal		210	8.2
		1,724 288,753	22.200	13.0
13038110	Burgess Canal	127	22,200	2.5
13038113	M Hill Pump	22.807	10.00	
13038115	Clark & Edwards Canal		1,740	13.1
13038145	Croft Canal	331	60	5.5
13038147	A Zaugg Pump	1	19	0.1
13038148	G Holman Pump	0	6	33
13038149	G Muma Pump East Labelle Canal	10	2,850	13.0
13038150 13038151	B Grover Pump	37,103 73	2,850	29
13038151	Rigby Caral	54.063	3,920	13.8
13038183	K Foster Pump	114	80	14
13038201	White Island Pump	370	140	2.6
13038205	Dilts Canal	6.556 (b)	630	10.4
13038210	Island Canal	45,687	3,760	12.2
13038225	West Labelle & Long Island Canal	120,246	10,500	11.5
13038305	Parks & Lowisville Canal	105,157	9,800	10.7
13038315	North Rigby Canal	15,543	1,210	12.8
13038331	Jefferson Hills Pump	0	110	0.0
13038340	White Canal	1,292	110	11.7
13038352	D. Phillips Pump	7	52	0.1
13038356	Von Baron	11	160	
13038360	Bramwell Canal	198	160 60	1.2
13038362 13038365	Ellis Canal Idaho Fresh Pac Pump	619	145	43
13038365	J T Jones Pump	40	(a)	
13038372	C Jones Pump	108	40	27
13038382	W Dabell Pump	190	231	0.8
13038384	D Stoker Pump	149	205	0.7
13038386	J N Erickson Pump	524	177	3.0
	TOTAL	934,600	80,708	11.6

TABLE 7. Diversions During 2006 Irrigation Year from Snake River, Dry Bed (Great Feeder Canal).

(a) Acreage not determined
(b) Includes diversion 13038204.
(c) Does not include diversions with unknown acreage or zero amount diverted.

Quantification

- Precise measurement of incidental recharge would require the following:
 - 1) Discharge measured at the head of the canal
 - 2) Minus return surface-flow to the river (at end of canal)
 - 3) Minus crop consumptive use and evaporation (evapotranspiration)
 - 4) Plus precipitation utilized by crops
 - 5) Analysis of where the incidental recharge ends up (river, deep aquifer, shallow or perched aquifer).



Opportunities, Risks, & Constraints

OPPORTUNITIES

* Encourage

• Keep water running in the canals as long as possible.

Discourage

- lining or sealing of canals
- conversion from flood to sprinkler irrigation
- any other methods of water conservation



Risks

Could result in raising local or perched aquifer levels - flooding basements and low-lying areas (mosquito habitat).

Incidental recharge may not provide the benefit where it is intended (doesn't reach the deep aquifer).

Constraints

- Limited by water supply and water-right restrictions.
- Winter-Water-Savings storage contracts.
- * Costs to keep canals running when not irrigating.



Discussion